

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 1. Product and Company Identification

# Skyblazer II, XLT and XLT Twin

# **SAR Red Aerial Signal**

Identified Use: Emergency signal Use Advised Against: Do not use indoors or inside of a vehicle.

Manufacturer's Information: Orion Safety Products

 3157 N 500 W
 EMERGENCY
 CHEMTREC

 Peru, Indiana 46970
 RESPONSE
 1-800-424-9300

 US 1-800-851-5260
 1-703-527-3887

Int'l (11) 1-765-472-4375

## 2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classifications Explosive Category 1.4
Skin Irritation Category 2
Eye Irritation Category 1

Carcinogenicity Category 2 STOT-Single Exposure Category 3

#### **GHS Label Elements**

Hazard	Statements
H204	Fire or projection hazard
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H335	May cause respiratory irritation





### Signal Word Danger

### **Precautionary Statements**

P102	Keep out of reach of children.	P301/315	IF SWALLOWED: Get immediate medical advice /attention.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.	P302/352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
D040	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hotsurfaces.	P304/340/342	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
P210	No smoking		comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a
P232	Protect from moisture		POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fumes.	P305/351/338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	P333/313	If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention.
P271	Use only outdoors.	P370	In case of fire: use water deluge
P280	Wear protective eye protection.		

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): none

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS#	EINCS#	Percentage
Strontium Nitrate	10042-76-9	233-131-9	<20%
Magnesium	7439-95-4	231-104-6	<20%
Strontium Peroxide	1314-18-7	215-224-6	<10%
Aluminum	7429-90-5	231-072-3	<5%
Polyvinyl Chloride	9002-86-2	None	<5%
Dextrin	9004-53-9	232-675-4	<1%
Potassium Nitrate	7757-79-1	231-818-8	<4%
Charcoal	16291-96-6	240-383-3	<1%
Sulfur	7704-34-9	231-722-6	<2%

**Note**: Due to Confidential Business Information, "Trade Secrets", the exact percentage of each ingredient has not been disclosed. CBI information will be shared with appropriate authorities if circumstances warrant.



#### 4. First Aid Measures

#### Description of first aid measures

Inhalation If contents are inhaled, remove to fresh air. Watch for signs of allergic reaction. If other symptoms develop,

get medical aid immediately.

Skin If contents are contacted, wash with area with soap and water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing

and wash before reuse. Get medical aid if irritation occurs.

Eyes If contents get into eyes, flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.

Remove contact lenses if easily possible. Get medical aid immediately.

**Ingestion** Get medical aid immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects both acute and delayed

See section 2 labeling and section 11

No data available

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# 5. Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water deluge Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Foam and dry chemical extinguishers and suffocation are ineffective.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Prevent further propagation of fire by spraying unburnt

nearby product with water. Combat fire from a sheltered position.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Only use outdoors. Use copious amounts of water to extinguish fire. Using small quantity of water on contents / broken shells can cause auto / re-ignition as contents contain magnesium. Use of water on a magnesium fire will generate hydrogen gas that may cause an explosion. Irritating fumes. Flaming projectiles may be ejected during a fire. Trace amounts of lead vapor may be

may cause an explosion. Irritating fumes. Flaming projectiles may be ejected during a fire. Trace produced (from ignition primer) in a fire situation.

Further Information No data available

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

## Personal Precautions / Protective Equipment / Emergency Procedures

Do not breathe smoke or contents. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear flame retardant clothing with long sleeves, dust mask, rubber or nitrile gloves, safety goggles, safety shoes when cleaning up contents. Avoid friction on the released product. Keep away from ignition sources.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent dispersion of contents on soil and in water. Prevent contents from spreading or entering into drains, ditches, groundwater or rivers by using appropriate barriers.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean-up

Use caution when cleaning up spilled contents. Remove heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Prevent buildup of electrostatic charges by grounding. Clean spills in a manner that does not disperse dust into the air. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Pick up spill for recovery of disposal and place in an approved container. Wash away remainder with plenty of water. Collect wash water for approved disposal. Be very careful – magnesium powder may spontaneously ignite in presence of moisture. Magnesium powder reacts with water, producing flammable hydrogen gas.

# 7. Handling and Storage

# **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Point signal away from body, other people, animals or combustible products when firing. Wear appropriate eye protection during use. Turn face away from signal when firing. Follow instructions on package. Avoid contact with clothing and other combustible materials. Use outdoors only! Do not ignite or launch product inside a vehicle or building. Avoid ingestion of smoke and inhalation of contents. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with heat sparks, and flame. Do no disassemble signals.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Store in a dry place away from direct sunlight, heat and incompatible materials. See section 10. Store away from food and beverages. Store away from flammable materials, sources of heat, flame and sparks. Store at ambient temperature.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Control Parameters** 

**Exposure Limits ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL** Strontium Nitrate Not Established Not Established Magnesium Not Established Not Established Nuisance dust 15mg/m3 Nuisance dust 15mg/m3 Strontium Peroxide Aluminum TWA: 15mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA: 1mg/m<sup>3</sup> Polyvinyl Chloride 5mg/ml for respirable portion and 15mg/ml' for total dust 5 and 10 mg/ml, respectively 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Dextrin 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Charcoal 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Not Established Sulfur 20 ppm Potassium Nitrate 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>



**Exposure Controls** 

Engineering Controls Use product outdoors only! When cleaning up contents, use local and/or general exhaust.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

Eye / Face Protection

Skin Protection

Turn face away from signal when firing. Wear safety glasses or goggles during use and when cleaning up spilled contents.

None under normal conditions when using product unless prolonged handling is anticipated. When cleaning up spilled contents, wear impervious protective clothing, including gloves, boots, and a lab coat, apron or coveralls as appropriate.

Wash hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.

**Respiratory Protection** 

None under normal conditions when using product. A particulate respirator (NIOSH t N195 or better filters) may be worn

during the cleanup of spilled contents.

**General Hygiene** 

Use product outdoors away from combustible products. For cleanup of spilled contents, emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of hazardous materials. Maintain good housekeeping and safety practices. Do not let contents accumulate in storage or work areas. Clean spills up

promptly

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance (color, physical form, shape): Grey powde

Melting Point: No data available No data available Solubility: No data available Boiling Point / Range: Freezing Point: Not applicable Not applicable **Evaporation Rate:** Not applicable Not applicable Specific Gravity: Not applicable Not applicable Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Odor: No data available Odor Threshold: No data available Flash Point: No data available No data available Flammability: No data available Flammability Limits: No data available Relative Density: Partition Coefficient: No data available Viscosity: No data available

Auto Ignition Temperature: No data available Decomposition Temperature: No data available

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable Reactivity: No information available Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to AvoidIncompatible MaterialsHazardous Decomposition ProductsExcessive temperatures,<br/>moisture, acids, and ignition<br/>sourcesReducing Agents, Organic Materials, Finely Powdered Metals,<br/>Acids, Water, HalogensStrontium Oxides, Carbon Monoxide and<br/>Dioxide, Nitrous Oxides, Magnesium<br/>Hydroxides and Oxides.

11. Toxicology Information

Ingredient acute toxicity information

Toxicology	Oral LD50	Skin LD50	LC50
Strontium Nitrate	Rat 2750 mg/kg	not available	not available
Magnesium	Rat 230 mg/kg	not available	not available
Strontium Peroxide	Rat 980 mg/kg	not available	not available
Aluminum	Rat: >2000 mg/kg	Rat – 4h - >888 mg/l	not available
Polyvinyl Chloride	Rat: >5000 mg/kg	not available	not available
Dextrin	None Known	Not Sensitizing	None Known
Potassium Nitrate	Rat 3015 mg/kg	not available	not available
Charcoal	Rat 10000 mg/kg	Rabbit >3000 mg/kg	not available
Sulfur	Rat 175 mg/kg	Rabbit >2000 mg/kg	Rat 9.23 mg/l/4hr

Product toxicological information

Acute Toxicity Not classified – Acute Toxicity Estimate yields oral LD₂o over 5000 mg/kg bw 17% unknown

Skin Irritation / Corrosion Category 2 – over 0.1% of ingredients classified as a Category 2 skin irritant Category 1 – over .01% of ingredients classified as a Category 1 eye irritant

Respiratory / Skin Sensitization No information found Germ Cell Mutagen No information found

Carcinogen Category 2 – over 0.1% of ingredients classified as a Category 2 carcinogens

Reproductive Toxicity No information found

STOT – single exposure Category 3 – respiratory over 20% of ingredients classified as a Category 3 respiratory STOT hazard

STOT – repeated exposure
Aspiration Hazard
Likely routes of exposure
Skin, ingestion, inhalation

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics chemical and toxicological characteristics characteristics of skin inflammation. Ingestion of contents may cause gastrointestinal irritation with

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Inhalation will cause irritation to the lungs and mucus membrane. Absorption of strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in

Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Absorption of strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin strontium peroxide into the body leads to the formation of methods to the body leads to the formation of methods to the body leads to the formation of methods to the body leads to the formation of methods to the body leads to the formation of methods to the body leads to the formation of methods to the body leads to the bo

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with contents may cause dermatitis.

Interactive effects No information found



# 12. Ecological Information

Ingredient toxicity / persistence / degradability / bioaccumulation / mobility in soil and water

**Aquatic Toxicity** Strontium Nitrate: Acute toxicity - Fishes, Carassius auratus, LC100, 9,615 mg/l; Chronic toxicity - Fishes,

Gasterosteus aculeatus, LC100, 2.912 mg/l

Magnesium: LC50 1355 mg/l fish

Persistence / Degradability No information found

Bioaccumulation / Accumulation No information found

Strontium Nitrate: Water:: considerable solubility and mobility; Soil/sediments non-significant adsorption Mobility in Environmental Media

Other adverse effects No information found

## 13. Disposal Considerations (for spills and leakage)

Dispose of contaminated product and materials used in cleaning up spills or leaks in the manner approved for pyrotechnic material. Consult appropriate federal, state, and local regulatory agencies to ascertain proper disposal procedures. Open burning is preferred method of disposal for pyrotechnic materials.

## 14. Transportation Information

	ID Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	EX Number	Reportable Quantities
Domestic & International	UN0403	Flares, aerial	1.4G	n/a	Single Star EX2002110107 Twin Star EX2002110148	none
Marine pollutant: no			Special precautions for user: no information available			

# 15. Regulatory Information

US Regulations	TSCA	CERCLA	CWA	CAA	<b>SARA 313</b>	<b>SARA 302</b>	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactivity	Pressure
Strontium Nitrate	yes	no	no	no	yes	no	yes	no	no	yes	no
Magnesium	yes	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	yes	yes	no
Strontium Peroxide	yes	no	no	no	no	no	yes	no	yes	yes	no
Aluminum	yes	no	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no	no	no
Polyvinyl Chloride	yes	no	no	no	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no
Dextrin	yes	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	no
Potassium Nitrate	Yes	no	no	no	yes	no	no	no	yes	no	no
Charcoal	yes	no	no	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes	no	no
Sulfur	yes	no	no	no	no	no	yes	yes	yes	no	no

US States	Prop 65	NJ	PA	Canada	WHMIS	DSL	Europe	wgk
Strontium Nitrate	no	yes	no		C Oxidizing materials D1B Toxic materials D2B Toxic materials	yes		2
Magnesium	no	yes	yes		B6 Reactive flammable material; B4 Flammable solid; F Dangerously reactive material	yes		nwg
Strontium Peroxide	no	yes	no		C oxidizing material	yes		not listed
Aluminum	no	yes	yes		Not controlled	yes		nwg
Polyvinyl Chloride	no	yes	no		Not controlled	yes		not listed
Dextrin	no	no	no		Not controlled	•		
Potassium Nitrate	no	no	no	yes	No information found	yes		nwg
Charcoal	yes	yes	yes	•	No information found	yes		nwg
Sulfur	-	yes	yes	yes	No information found	yes		nwg



## 16. Other Information

Revision Information: July 2019

NFPA Rating **HMIS Rating** Flammability Flammability Health 2 Health 3 Physical Hazard Reactivity

Key / Legend

HMIS: hazardous material identification system NFPA: national fire protection association CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service number

EINECS: European inventory of existing chemical substances

OSHA PEL: occupational safety and health administration permissible exposure limit NIOSH TLV: national institute of occupational safety

and health Threshold Limit Value NTP: National Toxicology Program

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

CWA: clean water act - US

TSCA: toxic substance control act - US CERCLA: comprehensive environmental response

compensation and liability act - US

CAA: clean air act - US

SARA: superfund amendments and reauthorization

act - US

PROP 65:California's Proposition 65 list WHMIS: workplace hazardous materials

information system - Canada

DSL: Domestic Substances List - Canada

WGK: water hazard classes - Germany

## **Legal Statement**

This information is accurate to the best knowledge of Orion Safety Products. Orion Safety Products makes no representations or warranties, either express or implied, including without limitation any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the information set forth herein or the product to which the information refers. Accordingly, Orion Safety Products will not be responsible for damages resulting from use of or reliance upon this information. Any person utilizing this document should seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility for the suitability of this information to their particular situation